Greater Nottingham Strategic Plan

Sustainability Appraisal

Appendix B: Baseline data

Updated October 2026

Introduction

This appendix updates and supersedes Appendix B of the Scoping Report July 2020 and September 2024.

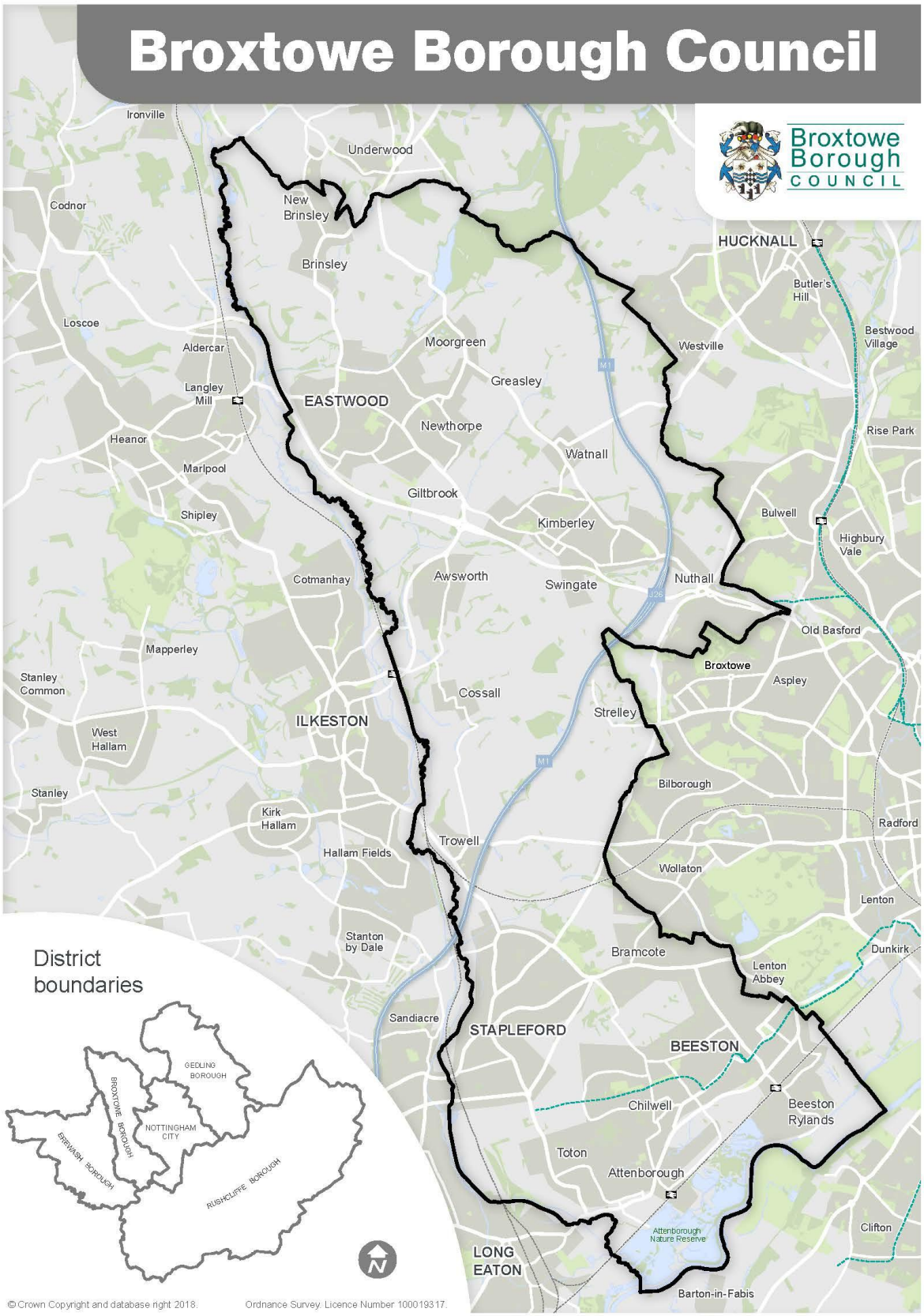
This is an appendix which provides the baseline date for the three council administrative areas (Broxtowe, Nottingham City and Rushcliffe). The baseline data has been divided into different themes as shown on the list below. For information, the data is provided for the council area as a whole and does not include data at ward or parish level.

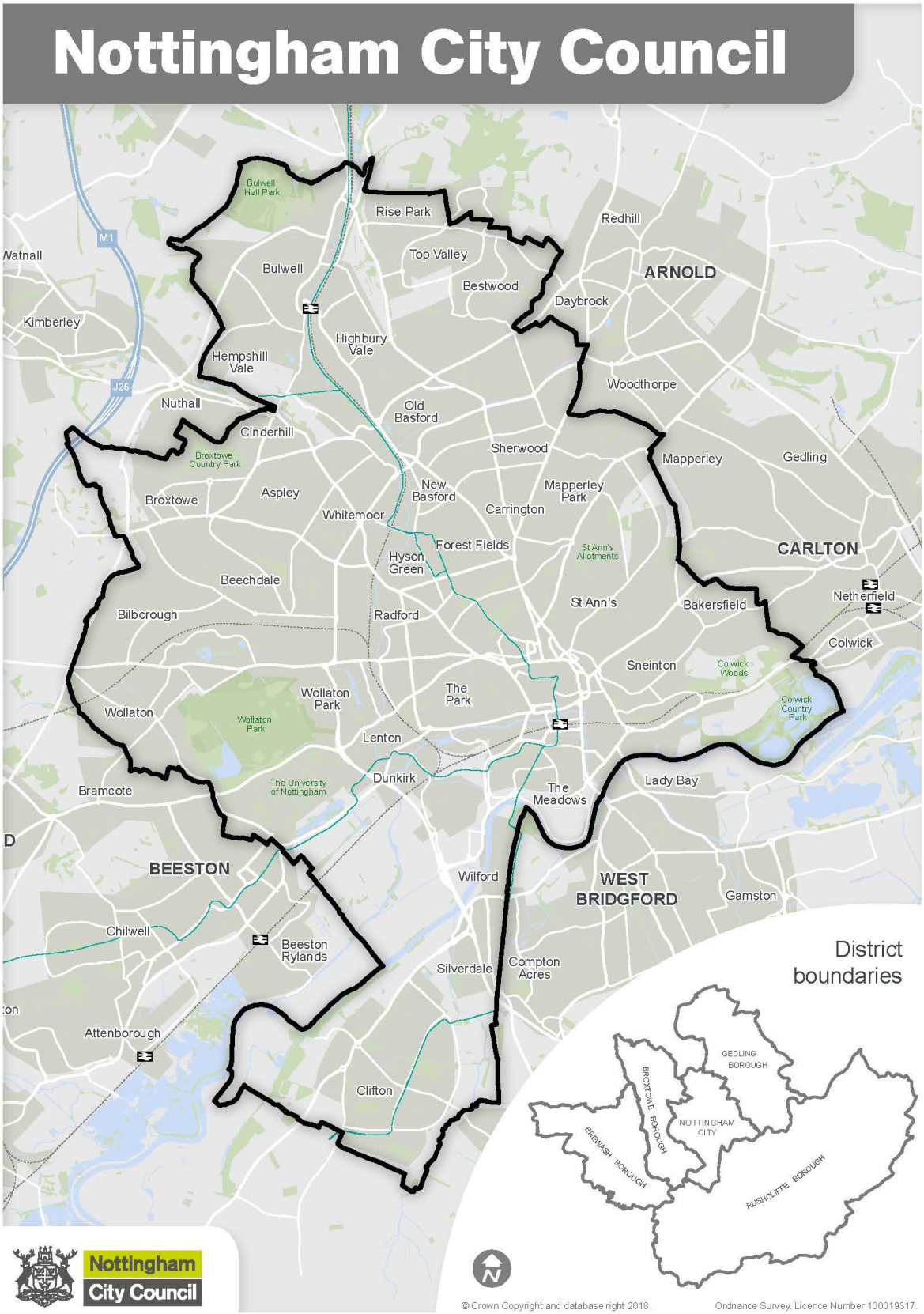
It should be noted that Appendix B of the Scoping Report (July 2020) included baseline data related to Erewash Borough Council administrative area. As Erewash Borough Council has prepared a separate Strategic Plan and a separate Sustainability Appraisal, the baseline data related to Erewash Borough Council is not included in this updated appendix.

It should also be noted that the September 2024 version of this appendix included baseline data related to the Gedling Borough Council administrative area. As Gedling Borough Council withdrew from the preparation of the Greater Nottingham Strategic Plan and is preparing its own Local Development Plan, the baseline data related to Gedling Borough Council is not included in this updated appendix.

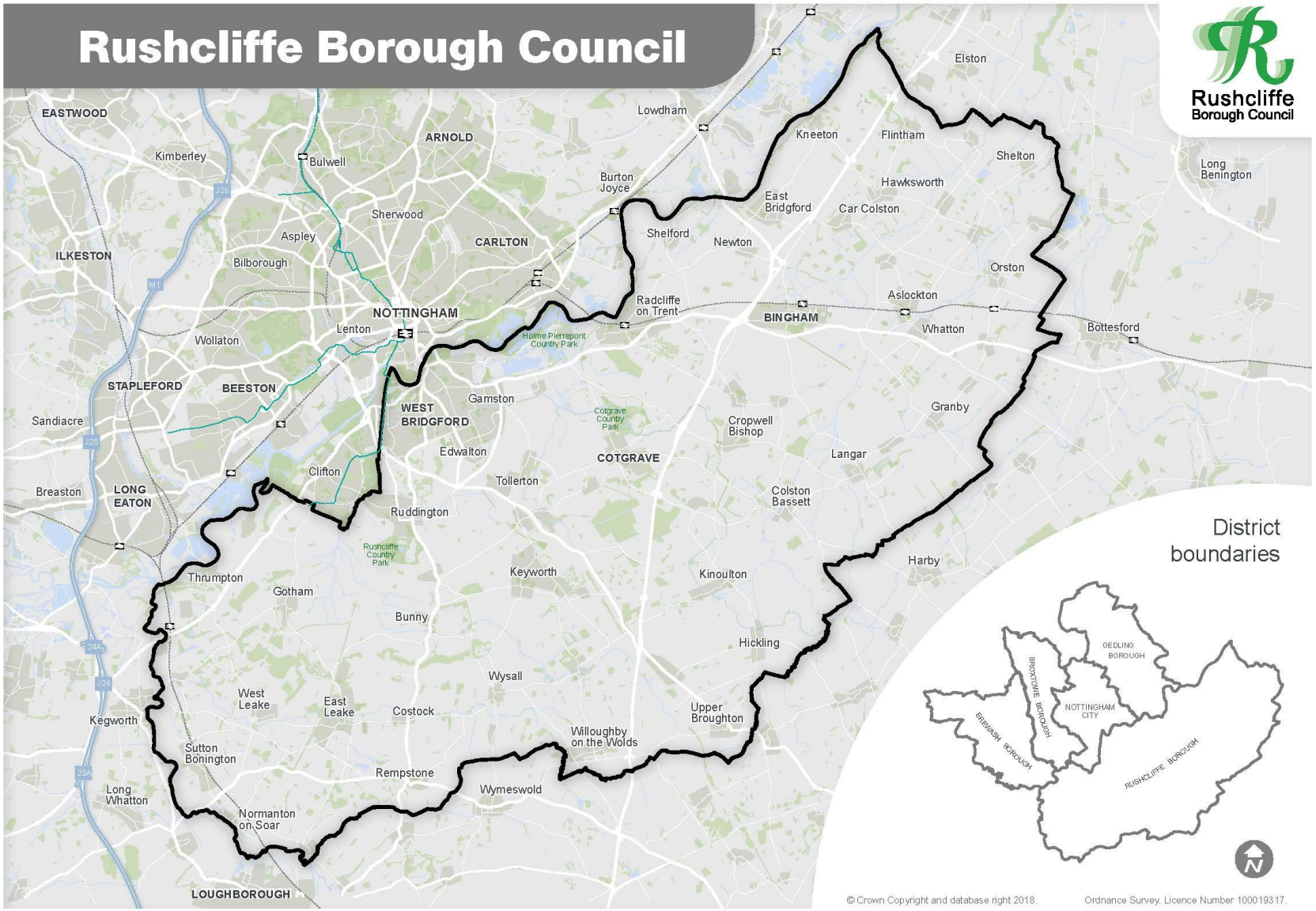
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Characteristics of the council administrative areas




Nottingham City Council
Bulwell Hall Park
Rise Park
Redhill
M1
Watnall
Top Valley
Bulwell
ARNOLD
Bestwood
Daybrook
Kimberley
Highbury Vale
Hempshill Vale
Woodthorpe
J26
Nuthall
Old Basford
Cinderhill
Sherwood
Broxtowe Country Park
Mapperley
Gedling
Aspley
New Basford
Mapperley Park
Broxtowe
Whitemoor
Carrington
Forest Fields
St Ann's Allotments
CARLTON
Hyson Green
Beechdale
Netherfield
St Ann's
Bakersfield
Bilborough
Radford
Colwick
Sneinton
Colwick Woods
The Park
Wollaton Park
Wollaton
Colwick Country Park
Wollaton Park
Lenton
Dunkirk
Lady Bay
Bramcote
The University of Nottingham
The Meadows
BEESTON
Wilford
WEST BRIDGFORD
Gamston
Chilwell
Beeston Rylands
Silverdale
Compton Acres
Attenborough
Clifton
District boundaries
GEDLING BOROUGH
BROXTOWE BOROUGH
NOTTINGHAM CITY
EREWASH BOROUGH
RUSHCLIFFE BOROUGH
Nottingham City Council
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Rushcliffe Borough Council



	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Size of administrative area (ha) Size of the council area by hectares. Source:- Local authorities	8,010 ha	7,461 ha	40,920 ha
Population density (people per ha) Figures based on data from "Size of administrative area (ha)" and "Population – total". Source:- ONS website (Dataset TS006 – Population Density)[1]	13.8	43.4	2.9

[1] https://www.nomisweb.co.uk/datasets/c2021ts006

Population and demographics

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Population – total Total number of population. Source:- ONS website	2021: 110,900 2011: 109,700	2021: 323,600 2011: 303,900	2021: 119,000 2011: 111,200
Population – by males and females Number of males and females of the population. Figures do not always tally with the figures as shown in "Population – total". Source:- ONS website	2021 Males: 56,700 Females: 54,200 2017 Males: 56,000 Females: 56,700 2011 Males: 54,300 Females: 55,500	2021 Males: 164,700 Females: 159,000 2017 Males: 166,800 Females: 162,400 2011 Males: 153,200 Females: 150,700	2021 Males: 60,700 Females: 58,300 2017 Males: 57,100 Females: 58,900 2011 Males: 54,800 Females: 56,500
Population – black and minority ethnic (BME) Percentage of the population which consists of black and minority ethnic groups (i.e. all categories except White British). Source:- ONS website	2021: 15.5% 2011: 10.5% 2001: 6.8%	2021: 42.7% 2011: 34.6% 2001: 18.9%	2021: 13.9% 2011: 9.7% 2001: 6.7%

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Population – young people Number and percentage of the population aged 18 to 24. <u>Source:-</u> ONS website	2021: 8,917 (8.0%) 2017: 8,600 (7.4%) 2011: 8,700 (7.7%)	2021: 65,231 (20.2%) 2017: 66,000 (20.1%) 2011: 57,800 (19.0%)	2021: 8,699 (7.3%) 2017: 8,400 (7.2%) 2011: 8,800 (7.9%)
Population – working age Number and percentage of the population aged 16 to 64 years. <u>Source:-</u> ONS website	2021: 68,319 (61.6%) 2017: 70,000 (64.6%) 2016: 69,900 (62.3%) 2015: 70,100 (62.7%) 2014: 70,100 (62.9%) 2011: 70,900 (64.6%)	2021: 226,351 (70.0%) 2017: 229,900 (69.8%) 2016: 227,100 (69.8%) 2015: 222,500 (69.8%) 2014: 219,100 (69.7%) 2011: 212,600 (70%)	2021: 71,983 (60.4%) 2017: 70,300 (61%) 2016: 70,300 (61%) 2015: 70,300 (61%) 2014: 70,000 (62%) 2011: 70,100 (63%)
Population –65 or over Number and percentage of the population at the age of 65 or over. <u>Source:-</u> ONS website	2021; 24,224 (21.8%) 2017: 23,400 (20.8%) 2016: 23,100 (20.6%) 2015: 22,700 (20.3%) 2014: 22,300 (20.0%) 2011: 20,200 (18.4%)	2021; 37,965 (11.7%) 2017: 37,800 (11.5%) 2016: 37,500 (11.6%) 2015: 37,200 (11.7%) 2014: 37,000 (11.8%) 2011: 35,600 (11.7%)	2021; 25,741 (21.3%) 2017: 24,300 (21.0%) 2016: 23,800 (20.7%) 2015: 23,400 (20.4%) 2014: 22,900 (20.2%) 2011: 20,600 (18.5%)

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
English Index of Multiple Deprivation The local authority district with a rank of 1 is the most deprived, and 317 the least deprived for 2019 (326 the least deprived for 2010 and 2015). At the time of publication of the IMD 2019 there were 317 local authorities in England. At the time of publication of the IMD 2010 and IMD 2015 there were 326 local authorities in England. For clarification, the 'rank of average score' figures are used. Source:- www.gov.uk website[2] (File 10: local authority district summaries)	2019: 220 out of 317 2015: 218 out of 326 2010: 216 out of 326 See also File 7: all ranks, deciles and scores for the indices of deprivation for super output areas (SOAs) within Broxtowe. Online map is available at the following webpage http://dclgapps.communities.gov.uk/imd/iod_index.html#	2019: 11 out of 317 2015: 8 out of 326 2010: 20 out of 326 See also File 7: all ranks, deciles and scores for the indices of deprivation for super output areas (SOAs) within Nottingham City. Online map is available at the following webpage http://dclgapps.communities.gov.uk/imd/iod_index.html#	2019: 314 out of 317 2015: 319 out of 326 2010: 318 out of 326 See also File 7: all ranks, deciles and scores for the indices of deprivation for super output areas (SOAs) within Rushcliffe. Online map is available at the following webpage http://dclgapps.communities.gov.uk/imd/iod_index.html#

[2] https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/english-indices-of-deprivation

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of housing completions (net) Net housing completions include new build dwellings, conversions and changes of use and take account of existing dwelling losses. Main figures also include purpose-built student dwellings (units only). * The figure is higher than the net completions figure due to a large number of demolitions and other dwelling losses during that year (a net change of -22 dwellings). Source:- Local authorities	2011 to2023 2,583 2022/23: 332 2021/22: 306 2020/21: 267 2019/20: 236 2018/19: 301 2017/18: 324 2016/17: 285 2015/16: 100 2014/15: 78 2013/14: 150 2012/13: 67 2011/12: 140 Purpose-built student dwellings including conversions 2011 to 2023: 45 2022/23: 0 2021/22: 0 2020/21: 5 2019/20: 24 2018/19: 16 No data available for 2011/12 to 2017/18.	2011 to 2023: 14,354 2022/23: 1,944 2021/22: 1,722 2020/21: 1,407 2019/20: 1,806 2018/19: 1,456 2017/18: 1,393 2016/17: 974 2015/16: 947 2014/15: 1,022 2013/14: 463 2012/13: 799 2011/12: 422 Purpose-built student dwellings 2011 to 2023: 7,311 2022/23: 1,006 2021/22: 965 2020/21: 734 2019/20: 662 2018/19: 588 2017/18: 615 2016/17: 940 2015/16: 206 2014/15: 364 2013/14: 297 2012/13: 490 2011/12: 444 *	2011 to 2023: 6,747 2022/23: 1,150 2021/22: 1,011 2020/21: 650 2019/20: 494 2018/19: 760 2017/18: 593 2016/17: 528 2015/16: 487 2014/15: 373 2013/14: 199 2012/13: 209 2011/12: 293 No purpose-built student dwellings built.

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of housing completions – affordable Affordable housing includes social rented, affordable rented and intermediate housing. It can be a new-build property or a private sector property that has been purchased for use as an affordable home. Source:- Local authorities	2011 to 2023: 411 (16%) 2022/23: 67 (20%) 2021/22: 40 (13%) 2020/21: 38 (14%) 2019/20: 16 (7%) 2018/19: 43 (14%) 2017/18: 8 (2%) 2016/17: 20 (7%) 2015/16: 23 (23%) 2014/15: 55 (70%) 2013/14: 56 (37%) 2012/13: 13 (12%) 2011/12: 32 (23%)	2011 to 2023: 1,615 (11%) 2022/23: 107 (11.4%) 2021/22: 75 (9.8%) 2020/21: 83 (12.3%) 2019/20: 19 (1.6%) 2018/19: 173 (19.5%) 2017/18: 267 (33%) 2016/17: 141 (21%) 2015/16: 254 (34%) 2014/15: 161 (24%) 2013/14: 88 (17%) 2012/13: 92 (25%) 2011/12: 155 (56%) All gross figures excluding purpose-built student dwellings.	2011 to 2023: 1,328 (20%) 2022/23: 335 (29%) 2021/22: 174 (17%) 2020/21: 92 (14%) 2019/20: 108 (22%) 2018/19: 210 (28%) 2017/18: 128 (22%) 2016/17: 78 (15%) 2015/16: 96 (20%) 2014/15: 51 (14%) 2013/14: 1 (0.5%) 2012/13: 42 (20%) 2011/12: 13 (4%)
Census 2021 housing type – by dwelling type Number of detached houses, semi-detached houses, terrace houses and flats, maisonettes or apartments in 2011. Source:- ONS website	All dwellings: 48,275 Detached house: 17,519 Semi-detached house: 17,392 Terraced house: 7,816 Flat, maisonette or apartment: 5,548	All dwellings: 124,591 Detached house: 19,464 Semi-detached house: 41,519 Terraced house: 34,147 Flat, maisonette or apartment: 29,461	All dwellings: 49,497 Detached house: 23,373 Semi-detached house: 15,394 Terraced house: 5,600 Flat, maisonette or apartment: 5,130

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of housing completions – by dwelling type and size Number of houses/bungalows and flats, maisonettes or apartments by bedroom size since 2011. Figures exclude conversions and changes of use. Source:- Local authorities	2011 to 2023:- Houses/bungalows 1 bed: 59 (2%) 2 bed: 373 (14%) 3 bed: 852 (33%) 4+ bed: 721 (28%) Flats, maisonettes or apartments 1 bed: 435 (17%) 2 bed: 324 (13%) 3 bed: 29 (1%) 4+ bed: 76 (3%)	2011 to 2023:- 1 bed: 35.9% 2 bed 31.5% 3 bed: 24.8% 4+ bed: 13.6% Figures are not available. Only the percentages are provided.	2011 to 2023:- Houses/bungalows 1 bed: 78(1.2%) 2 bed: 1,000(14.8%) 3 bed: 1,834(27.1%) 4+bed: 2,603 (38.5%) Flats, maisonettes or apartments 1 bed: 542(8%) 2 bed: 648(9.6%) 3 bed: 48(0.7%) 4+ bed: 11(0.1%)
Average house prices Average house prices for all property types (detached, semi-detached, terraced and flats). Source:- HM Land Registry UK House Price Index http://landregistry.data.gov.uk/app/ukhpi	July 2023 £249,735 March 2019 £184,288 March 2011 £135,441 Nottinghamshire July 2023: £232,472 March 2019: £174,500 March 2011: £128,774	July 2023 £195,187 March 2019 £141,976 March 2011 £98,274 Nottinghamshire: See Broxtowe column for data	July 2023 £348,707 March 2019 £273,957 March 2011 £195,468 Nottinghamshire See Broxtowe column for data

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of homelessness acceptances Number of households accepted as homeless and in priority need. The Homelessness Reduction Act 2017 came into force on 3 April 2018 and it has extended the definition of homelessness. <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities	2022/23: 353 2021/:22: 352 2020/21: 192 2019/20: 325 2018/19: 199 2017/18: 16 2016/17: 12 2015/16: 9 2014/15: 10 2013/14: 10 2012/13: 10 2011/12: 3	2022/23: 429 2021/22: 393 2020/21: 397 2019/20: 294 2018/19: unavailable 2017/18: 541 2016/17: 492 2015/16: 597 2014/15: 532 2013/14: 449 2012/13: 481 2011/12: 617	2022/23: 31 2021/22:26 2020/21: 6 2019/20: 4 2018/19: 3 2017/18: 28 2016/17: 22 2015/16: 20 2014/15: 14 2013/14: 13 2012/13: 33 2011/12: 34

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of vacant dwellings – by type Number of vacant dwellings. Up until April 2013, dwellings undergoing major structural repairs for up to 12 months and those vacant for less than 6 months were eligible for a council tax exemption (Class A and C respectively). In April 2013, these exemptions were replaced with a new flexible discount which applied to all empty properties. Local authorities are now entitled to apply any level of discount from 0% to 100% to all empty properties. Source:- www.gov.uk website[3] (Table 615 All vacant dwellings by local authority district, England)	2022: All vacants: 1,377 LA owned: 151 Private Register Provider: 9 Other Public Sector: no data 2018: All vacants: 1,258 LA owned: 41 Private Register Provider: 14 Other Public Sector: no data 2011: All vacants: 1,526 LA owned: 74 Private Register Provider: 33 Other Public Sector: 74	2022: All vacants: 4,559 LA owned: 456 Private Register Provider: 69 Other Public Sector: no data 2018: All vacants: 4,116 LA owned: 347 Private Register Provider: 63 Other Public Sector: no data 2011: All vacants: 4,572 LA owned: 842 Private Register Provider: 163 Other Public Sector: 26	2022: All vacants: 1,280 LA owned: 0 Private Register Provider: 69 Other Public Sector: no data 2018: All vacants: 1,231 LA owned: 0 Private Register Provider: 15 Other Public Sector: no data 2011: All vacants: 1,375 LA owned: 0 Private Register Provider: 34 Other Public Sector: 65

[3] https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/live-tables-on-dwelling-stock-including-vacants

Economy

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of employee jobs Employee job numbers from Business Register and Employment Survey. An employee is defined as anyone aged 16 years or over that is paid directly from the payroll, in return for carrying out a full-time or part-time job or being on a training scheme. Employment includes employees plus the number of working owners who receive drawings or a share of the profits. Full-time is defined as working more than 30 hours per week with part-time defined as working 30 hours or less per week. Source:- ONS website	2021: 36,500 2020: 35,300 2019: 37,200 2018: 37,100 2017: 38,500 2016: 36,300 2015: 35,600	2021: 200,400 2020: 194,200 2019: 197,100 2018: 195,500 2017: 196,500 2016: 219,000 2015: 215,300	2021: 41,000 2020: 41,600 2019: 42,400 2018: 42,100 2017: 40,400 2016: 40,600 2015: 38,900

Key Employers

The below list of top 20 key employers is from the list of Nottinghamshire's Top 200 Companies for 2022 released by Nottingham Post. Nottingham Trent University's Nottingham Business School has compiled the list which ranks businesses by turnover.

Source:-
Nottinghamshire's Top 200 Businesses 2022: The Top 20 - Business Live (business-live.co.uk)

1 BOOTS UK LIMITED
BOOTS MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED
THE BOOTS COMPANY PLC
BOOTS OPTICIANS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES LIMITED
Company Description: Pharmacy-led health and beauty retailing.
2019 Rank: 1
Revenue: £8.68 billion
Number of employees: 43,742

2 PENDRAGON PLC
Company Description: Retailing of used and new vehicles & repair of vehicles (aftersales). Also provides dealer management software.
2019 Rank: 2
Revenue: £4.5 billion
Number of employees: 43,742

3 FRASERS GROUP PLC
Company Description: Retailing wholesale distribution and sale of sports and leisure clothing, footwear and equipment under group owned or licensed brands.
2019 Rank: 3
Revenue: £3.95 billion
Number of employees:30,179

4 AMALGAMATED HOLDINGS WILKINSON LIMITED

Company Description: A group engaged as high street retailers offering a wide range of value quality products for the family.
2019 Rank: 4
Revenue: £1.46 billion
Number of employees: 18,351

5 STAFFLINE GROUP PLC
Company Description: Workforce recruitment and management organisation.
2019 Rank: 6
Revenue: £1.07 billion
Number of employees: 2,798

6 LANGLEY HOLDINGS PLC
Company Description: A group engaged in the design, manufacture, maintenance and repair of mechanical handling equipment, process plant, road tankers & in cementious grouts and energy.
2019 Rank: 7
Revenue: £694,080,000
Number of employees: 4,440

7 EXPERIAN LIMITED
Company Description: The provision of bureau and information services for consumer credit control, business information, direct marketing and credit account management.
2019 Rank: 8
Revenue: £576,000,000
Number of employees: 3,081

8 CAPITAL ONE (EUROPE) PLC
Company Description: The provision of banking, financial and related services.
2019 Rank: 9
Revenue: £487,177, 000
Number of employees: 1,209

9 CENTER PARCS (HOLDINGS 1) LIMITED

Company Description: A group engaged in the operation of short break holiday villages.
2019 Rank: 10
Revenue: £443,700,000
Number of employees: 8,716

10 XMA LIMITED
Company Description: The provision of computer products and services.
2019 Rank: 11
Revenue: £413,377,000
Number of employees: 477

11 VISION EXPRESS (UK) LIMITED
Company Description: Provider of optical goods and services.
2019 Rank: 15
Revenue: £325,279,000
Number of employees: 4,242

12 SANDICLIFFE MOTOR HOLDINGS LIMITED
Company Description: A group engaged in the sale, repair and hire of motor vehicles.
2019 Rank:14
Revenue: £319,784,000
Number of employees: 693

13 ADDO FOOD GROUP (HOLDINGS) LTD
Company Description: A group engaged in the manufacture of chilled savoury pastry for the retail, impulse and foodservice markets.
2019 Rank: 16
Revenue: £312,471,000
Number of employees: 2,722

14 ENVA TOPCO LIMITED
Company Description: A group engaged in the provision of end-to-end waste management solutions.

2019 Rank: 22
Revenue: £292,554,000
Number of employees: 1,591

15 AMTRUST EUROPE LIMITED
Company Description: Group specialising in the underwriting of general insurance, including property damage and caravan insurance, legal expenses, personal accident guarantees and warranty insurance.
2019 Rank: 17
Revenue: £284,018,000
Number of employees: 94

16 GAMES WORKSHOP GROUP PLC
Company Description: International manufacturer, wholesaler and retailer of tabletop games and miniatures.
2019 Rank: 22
Revenue: £269,700,000
Number of employees: 2,188

17 BUZZ GROUP LIMITED
Company Description: Group involved in gambling and betting activities
2019 Rank: Not ranked
Revenue: £256,889,000
Number of employees: 3,582

18 CCS MEDIA LIMITED
Company Description: A group engaged in the supply of IT-related products and services.
2019 Rank: 21
Revenue: £244,009,000
Number of employees: 487

19 MULTI PACKAGING SOLUTIONS UK LIMITED
Company Description: The design, manufacture and sale of printed cartons, composite containers and packaging machinery systems.

2019 Rank: 20
Revenue: £237,819,000
Number of employees: 1,737

20 BIRMINGHAM HIGHWAYS LIMITED
Company Description: Firm involved in the maintenance, finance and operation of highways in Birmingham as part of the Birmingham Highways PFI Project.
2019 Rank: Not ranked
Revenue: £236,123,000
Number of employees: N/A

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Employment and unemployment rate Proportion of people who are in paid work and unemployed. Employment measures the number of people in paid work and differs from the number of jobs because some people have more than one job. The employment rate is the proportion of people aged from 16 to 64 years who are in paid work. Unemployment measures people without a job who have been actively seeking work within the last four weeks and are available to start work within the next two weeks. The unemployment rate is not the proportion of the total population who are unemployed. It is the proportion of the economically active population (those in work plus those seeking and available to work) who are unemployed. <u>Source:-</u> ONS website	<u>2021</u> Employment: 49,865 (73.0%) Unemployment: 2,460 (3.6%) <u>2018</u> Employment: 52,300 (73.4%) Unemployment: 3,300 (6%) <u>2011</u> Employment: 51,200 (73.1%) Unemployment: 2,700 (5.1%)	<u>2021</u> Employment: 125,320 (55.4%) Unemployment: 13,950 (6.2%) <u>2018</u> Employment: 128,500 (58.6%) Unemployment: 7,510 (3.3%) <u>2011</u> Employment: 112,900 (54.2%) Unemployment: 13,060 (6.1%)	<u>2021</u> Employment: 54,355 (75.5%) Unemployment: 2,095 (2.9%) <u>2018</u> Employment: 60,000 (81.4%) Unemployment: 1,700 (2.8%) <u>2011</u> Employment: 55,200 (75.0%) Unemployment: 2,900 (5.9%)

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Earnings – by place of work and by place of residence Gross weekly pay (median earnings) in pounds for full-time employees. Source:- ONS website	Place of work Weekly pay of full-time employees working in the area: 2022: £594.80 2018: £498.80 2011: £440.90 Place of residence Weekly pay of full-time employees living in the area: 2022: £641.50 2018: £605.50 2011: £515.80	Place of work Weekly pay of full-time employees working in the area: 2022: £557.80 2018: £406.40 2011: £454.40 Place of residence Weekly pay of full-time employees living in the area: 2022: £536.10 2018: £460.00 2011: £429.70	Place of work Weekly pay of full-time employees working in the area: 2022: £623.10 2018: £589.00 2011: £465.80 Place of residence Weekly pay of full-time employees living in the area: 2022: £706.50 2018: £696.00 2011: £597.80
Employment by occupation Percentage is a proportion of all persons in employment. Figures used for April to March period. Source:- ONS website	Managers, directors and senior officials:- 2023: 7.3% 2018: 9.1% 2011: 9.5% Professional occupations:- 2023: 32.8% 2018: 15.8% 2011: 19.0% Associate professional & technical:- 2023: 7.2% 2018: 21.8% 2011: 16.1%	Managers, directors and senior officials:- 2023: 5.4% 2018: 6.5% 2011: 7.1% Professional occupations:- 2023: 25.3% 2018: 18.2% 2011: 18.7% Associate professional & technical:- 2023: 10.5% 2018: 12.7% 2011: 8.1%	Managers, directors and senior officials:- 2023: 17.2% 2018: 15.2% 2011: 7.2% Professional occupations:- 2023: 32.7% 2018: 27.9% 2011: 30.7% Associate professional & technical:- 2023: 14.1% 2018: 12.9% 2011: 15.4%

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
	Administrative and secretarial occupations:- 2023: 8.8% 2018: 13.8% 2011: 9.0% Skilled trades occupations:- 2023: 16.2% 2018: 13.3% 2011: 12.7% Caring, leisure and other service occupations:- 2023: n/a 2018: 5.5% 2011: 6.6% Sales and customer service occupations:- 2023: n/a 2018: 2.9% 2011: 5.6% Process plant & machine operatives:- 2023: n/a 2018: 6.3 % 2011: 6.3% Elementary occupations:-	Administrative and secretarial occupations:- 2023: 9.8% 2018: 10.4% 2011: 9.4% Skilled trades occupations:- 2023: 5.8% 2018: 8.6% 2011: 11.8% Caring, leisure and other service occupations:- 2023: 14.0% 2018: 10.6% 2011: 10.1% Sales and customer service occupations:- 2023: 3.5% 2018: 7.3% 2011: 10.4% Process plant & machine operatives:- 2023: 8.8% 2018: 7.8% 2011: 7.3% Elementary occupations:-	Administrative and secretarial occupations:- 2023: 10.6% 2018: 10.0% 2011: 16.1% Skilled trades occupations:- 2023: 9.5% 2018: 10.3% 2011: 5.2% Caring, leisure and other service occupations:- 2023: n/a 2018: 8.3% 2011: 4.8% Sales and customer service occupations:- 2023: n/a 2018: 6.2% 2011: 7.6% Process plant & machine operatives:- 2023: n/a 2018: 2.5% 2011: 5.6% Elementary occupations:-

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
	2023: 18.4% 2018: 10.7% 2011: 15.1%	2023: 16.8% 2018: 17.7% 2011: 16.2%	2023: 10.2% 2018: 6.7% 2011: 6.1%
Qualifications – by type Working age people with the following qualifications:- • No qualifications – no formal qualifications held. • NVQ1 and above – e.g. fewer than 5 GCSEs at grades A-C, foundation GNVQ, NVQ 1, intermediate 1 national qualification (Scotland) or equivalent. • NVQ2 and above – e.g. 5 or more GCSEs at grades A-C, intermediate GNVQ, NVQ 2, intermediate 2 national qualification (Scotland) or equivalent. • NVQ3 and above – e.g. 2 or more A levels, advanced GNVQ, NVQ 3, 2 or more higher or advanced higher national qualifications (Scotland) or equivalent. • NVQ4 and above – e.g. HND, Degree and Higher Degree level qualifications or equivalent. Figures used for January to December period. <u>Source:-</u> ONS website	Does not apply:- 2021: 16.6% No qualifications:- 2021: 14.5% 2018: 6.8% 2011: 7.8% NVQ1 and above:- 2021: 68.9% 2018: 88.8% 2011: 89% NVQ2 and above:- 2021: 61.0% 2018: 79.5% 2011: 77.8% NVQ3 and above 2021: 45.7% 2018: 61.6% 2011: 57.5% NVQ4 and above 2021: 30.6% 2018: 41.5% 2011: 38.1%	Does not apply:- 2021: 18.3% No qualifications:- 2021: 15.9% 2018: 10.2% 2011: 13.9% NVQ1 and above:- 2021: 65.7% 2018: 81.1% 2011: 78.8% NVQ2 and above:- 2021: 58.6% 2018: 69.9% 2011: 66.2% NVQ3 and above:- 2021: 46.0% 2018: 55.7% 2011: 47.8% NVQ4 and above:- 2021: 25.6% 2018: 31.2% 2011: 28.6%	Does not apply:- 2021: 17.9% No qualifications:- 2021: 9.8% 2018: No data 2011: 7.2% NVQ1 and above:- 2021: 72.2% 2018: 91.4% 2011: 88.5% NVQ2 and above:- 2021: 66.4% 2018: 88.4% 2011: 76.8% NVQ3 and above:- 2021: 52.9% 2018: 78.1% 2011: 60.0% NVQ4 and above:- 2021: 38.9% 2018: 61.9% 2011: 41.4%

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Enterprise Zones Number of Enterprise Zones. Year designated is shown in bracket. Source:- Local authorities	• Alliance Boots site (2011) (site overlaps with Nottingham City) • Beeston Business Park (2016)	• Alliance Boots site (2011) (site overlaps with Broxtowe) • MediPark (2013) • Nottingham Science Park (2011)	None.
Industrial units and floorspace Number of rateable properties (known as "hereditaments") and floorspace. Source:- www.gov.uk website[4]	2022: 690 properties 496,000 sqm 2016: 700 properties 428,000 sqm 2011: 690 properties 466,000 sqm	2022: 3,030 properties 1,805,000 sqm 2016: 3,010 properties 1,967,000 sqm 2011: 2,970 properties 2,036,000 sqm	2022: 740 properties 462,000 sqm 2016: 680 properties 452,000 sqm 2011: 660 properties 442,000 sqm
Office units and floorspace Number of rateable properties (known as "hereditaments") and floorspace. Source:- www.gov.uk website[5]	2022: 440 properties 72,000 sqm 2016: 360 properties 87,000 sqm 2011: 330 properties 89,000 sqm	2022: 2,530 properties 710,000 sqm 2016: 2,300 properties 780,000 sqm 2011: 2,130 properties 809,000 sqm	2022: 610 properties 121,000 sqm 2016: 520 properties 117,000 sqm 2011: 400 properties 112,000 sqm

[4] https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/non-domestic-rating-stock-of-properties-2022
[5] https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/non-domestic-rating-stock-of-properties-2022

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Retail units and floorspace Number of rateable properties (known as "hereditaments") and floorspace. Source:- www.gov.uk website[6]	2022: 900 properties 212,000 sqm 2016: 900 properties 201,000 sqm 2011: 920 properties 201,000 sqm	2022: 3,010 properties 713,000 sqm 2016: 3,090 properties 753,000 sqm 2011: 3,060 properties 748,000 sqm	2022: 660 properties 102,000 sqm 2016: 630 properties 91,000 sqm 2011: 630 properties 91,000 sqm

[6] https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/non-domestic-rating-stock-of-properties-2022

Area of employment land lost to housing or other uses Area of employment land lost to housing or other uses. To avoid double counting, losses are recorded when the loss is first implemented i.e. commencement of the first dwelling. <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities	<u>2011 to 2023:</u> 14.96 ha 2022/23: 1.2 ha 2021/22: 1.3 ha 2020/21: 0.36 ha 2019/20: 3.2 ha 2018/19: 1.72 ha 2017/18: 0.8 ha 2016/17: 0.47 ha 2015/16: 0.23 ha 2014/15: 7.09 ha 2013/14: 0.65 ha 2012/13: 0.07 ha 2011/12: 0.61 ha	<u>2011 to 2023:</u> 36.65 ha 2022/23: 2.25 ha 2021/22:1.91 ha 2020/21: 0.98 ha 2019/20: 6.14 ha 2018/19: 1.68 ha 2017/18: 4.1 ha 2016/17: 3.81 ha 2015/16: 1.48 ha 2014/15: 4.66 ha 2013/14: 2.72 ha 2012/13: 4.57 ha 2011/12: 2.45 ha <u>Offices</u> Total 97,231 sqm 2022/23: 4,755sqm 2021/22:4,620sqm 2020/21: 3,564sqm 2019/20:2,928sqm 2018/19: 4,100sqm 2017/18: 15,900 sqm 2016/17: 14,213 sqm 2015/16: 5,256 sqm 2014/15: 17,912 sqm 2013/14: 9,142 sqm 2012/13: 14,841 sqm 2011/12: 0 sqm <u>Industry and warehousing</u> Total 49,365sqm	<u>2011 to 2023:</u> 2.07 ha 2022/23: 0.02 ha 2021/22: 1.48 ha 2020/21: No loss 2019/20: 0.86 ha 2018/19: No loss 2017/18: No loss 2016/17: 0.1 ha 2015/16: 1.8 ha 2014/15: 0.08 ha 2013/14: 0.09 ha 2012/13: No loss 2011/12: No loss

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
		2022/23:4,245sqm2021/22:2,610sqm2020/21:336sqm 2019/20: 21,630sqm 2018/19:2,600sqm 2017/18: 500 sqm 2016/17: 1,042 sqm 2015/16: 673 sqm 2014/15: 725 sqm 2013/14: 1,757 sqm 2012/13: 3,445 sq 2011/12: 9,802 sqm	

Town centres

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of city centre, town, district and local centres and centre of neighbourhood importance Number of city centre, town, district and local centres and centre of neighbourhood importance. Source:- Local authorities	1 Town Centre Beeston 3 District Centres Eastwood Kimberley Stapleford 1 Centre of Neighbourhood Importance High Road, Chilwell	1 City Centre Nottingham City 1 Town Centre Bulwell 3 District Centres Clifton Hyson Green Sherwood 12 Local Centres Alfreton Road Aspley Lane Beckhampton Road Bracebridge Drive Bramcote Lane	2 District Centres Bingham West Bridgford 6 Local Centres Cotgrave East Leake Keyworth (The Square) Keyworth (Wolds Drive) Radcliffe on Trent Ruddington 11 Centres of Neighbourhood Importance

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
		Bridgeway Centre Carrington Mansfield Road Nuthall Road Robin Hood Chase Sneinton Dale Strelley Road <u>42 Centres of Neighbourhood Importance</u>[7]	Abbey Road, West Bridgford Boundary Road, West Bridgford Compton Acres, West Bridgford Gamston Centre, West Bridgford Hilton Crescent, West Bridgford Loughborough Road, West Bridgford Melton Road, West Bridgford Musters Road, West Bridgford Radcliffe Road, West Bridgford Trent Boulevard, West Bridgford Nottingham Road, Keyworth
Number of units and vacant units in city centre, town, district and local centres	<u>Beeston</u> 194 units 19 vacant (9.8%)	<u>Nottingham City</u> In 2023 1,209 retail and leisure units were surveyed as	<u>Bingham (Primary Area)</u> 40 units 2 vacant (5%)

[7] Nottingham City are not treating them as formal centres in their Local Plan = Arnold Road, Aspley Lane/Glencairn Drive, Beech Avenue, Beechdale Road, Berridge Road, Bobbersmill, Broxtowe Lane, Broxtowe Lane/Coleby Road, Broxtowe Lane/Sherborne Road, Carlton Road, Derby Road/Arnesby Road, Farnborough Road, Hartley Road, Haydn Road, Hermitage Square, Highbury Road/ Bedford Grove, Highbury Road/ Broomhill, Hucknall Road/ Carrington, Hucknall Road/Valley Road, Ilkeston Road West, Lenton Boulevard North, Lenton Boulevard South, Lenton Sands, Middleton Boulevard, Mill Road/Bagnall Road, Monksway, Old Farm Road, Rise Park, Sellers Wood Drive, Sneinton Boulevard, Top Valley Way, Trowell Road, Varney Road, and Woodside Road

	Broxtowe	**Nottingham**	**Rushcliffe**
Number of ground floor units, including those that are vacant, within shopping centre boundary. Percentage of all units being vacant is provided in bracket. Date of survey undertaken is shown in bracket <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities NOTE: This does not include updated study work undertaken as part of the Greater Nottingham Strategic Plan Centres Study.	<u>Eastwood</u> 137 units 16 vacant (11.7%) <u>Kimberley</u> 61 units 6 vacant (9.8%) <u>Stapleford</u> 102 units 10 vacant (9.8%) (August 2021)	part of a City Council survey, of these 1,065 were occupied, the remaining 144 were vacant. This gives a headline Retail Vacancy Rate of 11.91% (a decrease on the 12.74% vacancy rate in July 2022). A further 40 of the vacant units surveyed were not available for occupancy, usually because they are either undergoing or awaiting redevelopment. Removing these units from the total figure gives an Adjusted Vacancy Rate of 8.6%. Comparing to a decade ago, in March 2013, the vacancy rate was 16.7%.	<u>Bingham (Secondary Area)</u> 50 units 5 vacant (10%) <u>West Bridgford (Primary Area)</u> 64 units 1 vacant (1.6%) <u>West Bridgford (Secondary Area)</u> 69 units 1 vacant (1.4%) <u>Cotgrave (Primary Area)</u> 11 units 0 vacant (0%) <u>East Leake (Primary Area)</u> 33 units 0 vacant (0%) <u>East Leake (Secondary Area)</u> 7 units 0 vacant (0%)

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
		1,319 units 159 vacant units (12%) (May 2018)	<u>Keyworth (The Square) (Primary Area)</u> 17 units 0 vacant (0%) <u>Keyworth (The Square) (Secondary Area)</u> 14 units 0 vacant (0%) <u>Keyworth (Wolds Drive)</u> 13 units 1 vacant (0.8%) <u>Radcliffe on Trent (Primary Area)</u> 29 units 0 vacant (0%) <u>Radcliffe on Trent (Secondary Area)</u> 25 units 1 vacant (4%) <u>Ruddington (Primary Area)</u> 37 units 3 vacant (8%)

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
			<u>Ruddington (Secondary Area)</u> 24 units 1 vacant (4%) (April to June 2019)

Healthy and safe communities

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Life expectancy at birth How long, on average, people are expected to live[8]. Figures are 3-year averages. Source:- ONS website	2018-20 Male: 80.1 years Female: 82.6 years 2014-16 Male: 80.5 years Female: 83.1 years 2008-10 Male: 79.0 years Female: 83.0 years	2018-20 Male: 76.6 years Female: 81.0 years 2014-16 Male: 77.0 years Female: 81.1 years 2008-10 Male: 75.9 years Female: 80.8 years	2018-20 Male: 81.8 years Female: 84.9 years 2014-16 Male: 81.7 years Female: 85.0 years 2008-10 Male: 80.1 years Female: 83.6 years
Crime All crimes reported to Nottinghamshire Police. Source:- Nottinghamshire Police	2020: 3,745* 2021: 8,621 2022: 8,194 2023: 4,603 (half year data)	2020: 22,269* 2021: 54.349 2022: 50,262 2023: 27,251 (half year data)	2020: 3,004* 2021: 6,853 2022: 6,266 2023: 6,271

Definitions
All crime: The overall number of crimes reported to Nottinghamshire Police.

[8] Period expectation of life at a given age for an area in a given time period is an estimate of the average number of years a person of that age would survive if he or she experienced the particular area's age-specific mortality rates for that time period throughout the rest of his or her life. The figure reflects mortality among those living in the area in each time period, rather than mortality among those born in each area. It is not therefore the number of years a person in the area in each time period could actually expect to live, both because the death rates of the area are likely to change in the future and because many of those in the area may live elsewhere for at least some part of their lives. Period life expectancy at birth is also not a guide to the remaining expectation of life at any given age. For example, if female life expectancy at birth was 80 years for a particular area, the life expectancy of women aged 65 years in that area is likely to exceed 15 years. This reflects the fact that survival from a particular age depends only on the death rates beyond that age, whereas survival from birth is based on death rates at every age.

*Figures for 2020 will reflect Covid 19 social distancing restrictions

	Broxtowe	**Nottingham**	**Rushcliffe**
Number of doctor surgeries, health facilities, community centres, leisure centres, libraries Community centres do not include village halls.	15 doctor surgeries 3 health facilities 4 community centres 3 leisure centres 6 libraries	2 hospitals 5 joint service centres 16 health centres 50 GP practices 33 community centres 9 leisure centres 16 libraries	17 doctor surgeries 5 health facilities 5 community centres 5 leisure centres 9 libraries
Residents participation in sports Definitions are shown below. Data shown in percentage figures. <u>Source:-</u> Sport England Active Lives Survey interactive table (Activity level by region option)	Inactive (less than 30 mins a week): 22.6% Fairly Active (30-149 mins a week): 14.5% Active (150+ mins a week): 62.9% Active 2 times in past 28 days: 78.7% (November 2021 to November 2022)	Inactive (less than 30 mins a week): 25.8% Fairly Active (30-149 mins a week): 10.3% Active (150+ mins a week): 63.9% Active 2 times in past 28 days: 75.4% (November 2021 to November 2022)	Inactive (less than 30 mins a week): 16.6% Fairly Active (30-149 mins a week): 9.4% Active (150+ mins a week): 74.0% Active 2 times in past 28 days: 86.6% (November 2021 to November 2022)

Definitions:-

- “Inactive” includes respondents playing sport for less than 30 minutes at moderate intensity per week.
- “Fairly active” includes respondents playing sport for at least 30 minutes at moderate intensity at least once a week.
- “Active” includes respondents playing sport for 150+ minutes at moderate intensity at least once a week.

- “Active 2 times in past 28 days” includes respondents who have taken part in sport and physical activity least twice in the last 28 days.

Transport

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Railway station usage Estimated total number of entries and exits made at the station in a given year. Notes the statistics for 2019/20 cover the period before and immediately following the government's announcement of measures to limit the impact and transmission of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic in mid-March 2020. Rail passenger journeys decreased following announcements advising against all unnecessary travel. Source:- Office of Rail and Road	Attenborough 2022/23: 52,704 2021/22: 46,934 2020/21: 17,586 2019/20: 106,882 2018/19: 99,484 2017/18: 107,942 2016/17: 105,742 2015/16: 111,678 2014/15: 94,756 2013/14: 89,938 2012/13: 79,798 2011/12: 66,038 Beeston 2022/23: 439,410 2021/22: 327,608 2020/21: 109,068 2019/20: 574,304 2018/19: 566,094 2017/18: 546,110 2016/17: 534,672 2015/16: 574,056 2014/15: 572,550 2013/14: 546,180 2012/13: 541,138 2011/12: 484,210	Bulwell 2022/23: 56,336 2021/22: 43,504 2020/21: 20,138 2019/20::68,852 2017/18: 61,136 2016/17: 59,632 2015/16: 57,716 2014/15: 50,952 2013/14: 46,592 2012/13: 54,060 2011/12: 48,162 Nottingham 2022/23: 6,739,558 2021/22: 5,202,438 2020/21:1,416,536 2019/20:7,864,690 2017/18: 7,858,974 2016/17: 7,468,864 2015/16: 7,200,422 2014/15: 6,848,182 2013/14: 6,105,684 2012/13: 6,450,702 2011/12: 6,450,400	Aslockton 2022/23: 23,472 2021/22: 15,914 2020/21: 3,736 2019/20: 33,438 2018/19: 31,204 2017/18: 24,948 2016/17: 30,572 2015/16: 23,766 2014/15: 22,226 2013/14: 21,100 2012/13: 15,744 2011/12: 15,912 Bingham 2022/23: 63,540 2021/22: 55,774 2020/21: 14,442 2019/20:79,410 2018/19: 77,128 2017/18: 69,102 2016/17: 67,216 2015/16: 59,018 2014/15: 51,778 2013/14: 39,786 2012/13: 36,682 2011/12: 34,512

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
			East Midlands Parkway 2022/23: 2021/22: 196,298 2020/21: 39,350 2019/20: 343,420 2018/19: 360,770 2017/18: 338,000 2016/17: 347,252 2015/16: 306,408 2014/15: 304,000 2013/14: 328,000 2012/13: 283,756 2011/12: 219,734 Elton and Orston 2022/23: 2021/22: 40 2020/21: 12 2019/20: 68 2018/19: 164 2017/18: 138 2016/17: 128 2015/16: 296 2014/15: 88 2013/14: 166 2012/13: 72 2011/12: 84 Radcliffe 2022/23:

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
			2021/22: 9,838 2020/21:1,952 2019/20: 12,404 2018/19: 9,674 2017/18: 8,850 2016/17: 6,474 2015/16: 7,108 2014/15: 6,026 2013/14: 10,152 2012/13: 8,658 2011/12: 8,724
Proportion of households within distance of a bus stop with an hourly and better bus service Time period is daytime on weekdays Mondays to Saturdays 0600-1800 hours. <u>Source:-</u> Performance, Intelligence & Policy Team, Nottinghamshire County Council	Within 800 metres or 10 mins walk of a bus stop: 87% Within 400 metres or 5 mins walk of a bus stop: 57% (February 2023)	Within 800 metres or 10 mins walk of a bus stop: 99% Within 400 metres or 5 mins walk of a bus stop: 79% (2023)	Within 800 metres or 10 mins walk of a bus stop: 84% Within 400 metres or 5 mins walk of a bus stop: 64% (2023)

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Park and Ride sites Number of park and ride sites where people park and take public transport into Nottingham. <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities	<u>1 site:</u> Toton Lane Park and Ride (just off the A52, nearest M1 junction 25)	<u>3 sites:</u> • Forest Park and Ride (Goose Fair site) • Phoenix Park and Ride (just off the A610, nearest M1 junction 26) • Wilkinson Street Park and Ride (just off the Nottingham ring Road)	<u>1 site:</u> • Clifton Park and Ride (just off the A453, nearest M1 junction 24)

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of public transport trips on bus and tram Number of passengers (in million) board a bus in Nottingham City and Greater Nottingham*. Figures based on where passengers board a bus, regardless of whether they cross boundaries or travel out of the area. <u>Source:-</u> Nottingham City Council * For information, “Greater Nottingham” is used to refer to adjoining council areas to Nottingham City which includes Ashfield (Hucknall part), Gedling, Broxtowe and Rushcliffe.	Number of passengers (in million) board a bus in Greater Nottingham* <u>Bus only:</u> 2018/19: 65.02 2017/18: 65.30 2016/17: 66.16 2015/16: 67.22 2014/15: 67.49 2013/14: 67.09 2012/13: 66.39 2011/12: 67.19 <u>Bus and Nottingham Express Transit (NET) tram:</u> 2018/19: 82.75 2017/18: 81.93 2016/17: 81.48 2015/16: 78.66 2014/15: 75.58 2013/14: 74.95 2012/13: 74.13 2011/12: 76.21	Number of passengers (in million) board a bus in Nottingham City <u>Bus only:</u> 2022/23:37.96 2018/19: 47.60 2017/18: 47.30 2016/17: 47.93 2015/16: 48.50 2014/15: 48.74 2013/14: 48.62 2012/13: 48.19 2011/12: 48.76 <u>Bus and Nottingham Express Transit (NET) tram:</u> 2022/23:48.96 2018/19: 62.07 2017/18: 60.88 2016/17: 60.34 2015/16: 59.02 2014/15: 56.18 2013/14: 55.85 2012/13: 55.31 2011/12: 57.05	Number of passengers (in million) board a bus in Greater Nottingham* See Broxtowe column for data

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Traffic growth Vehicle kilometres travelled. Data for traffic growth is based on vehicle kilometres travelled across the road network and the data covers the period 2010-17 with a 2010 base. Data is based on a variety of traffic count sources including permanent and temporary traffic counters and a number of manual traffic counts undertaken by Nottinghamshire County Council Highways department and the Department for Transport. <u>Source:-</u> Transport Planning & Programme Development, Nottinghamshire County Council	<u>2010-17</u> Traffic growth has increased by 20.5% since 2010 base (however this is only up to 2020 which would be significantly impacted by Covid). 2020: 79.5% 2019: 100.3% 2018: 100.3% 2017: 100.4% 2016: 100.1% 2015: 99.2% 2014: 99.8% 2013: 98.4% 2012: 97.8% 2011: 99.5% 2010: 100.0%	<u>2010-17</u> For the City: The 2022 figure was 570 million miles for traffic, a 1.3% increase from the pre-pandemic 2019 figure of 563 million. For Greater Nottingham: The 2022 figure was 1,685 million miles for traffic, a 3.7% decrease from 2019 figure of 1,750 million. In 2017 Traffic growth has decreased by 4.5% since 2010 base. 2017: 95.5% 2016: 94.8% 2015: 93.8% 2014: 93.9% 2013: 95.8% 2012: 96.4% 2011: 98.3% 2010: 100.0%	<u>2010-21</u> Traffic growth has decreased by 13.6% since 2010 base. 2021: 86.4% 2020: 77.5% 2019: 99.7% 2018: 99.6% 2017: 99.6% 2016: 98.2% 2015: 99.8% 2014: 99.1% 2013: 98.4% 2012: 95.8% 2011: 97.5% 2010: 100.0%

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Cycle growth Number of cycling trips. Data for growth in cycling trips is based on a network of permanent cycle counters across the council areas (6 in Broxtowe, 5 in Gedling, 14 in Nottingham City and 4 in Rushcliffe) and the data covers the period 2010-17 with a 2010 base. Source:- Transport Planning & Programme Development, Nottinghamshire County Council	2010-17 Cycle growth has decreased by 12.8% since 2010 base. 2021: 87.2% 2020: 104.3% 2019: 104.4% 2018: 111.3% 2017: 111.9% 2016: 113.0% 2015: 125.0% 2014: 130.0% 2013: 114.2% 2012: 107.8% 2011: 110.2% 2010: 100.0%	2010-22 Cycle growth has decreased by 24.1% since 2010 base. 2022: 124.1% 2021: 121.6% 2020: 125% 2017: 136.8% 2016: 127.5% 2015: 127.9% 2014: 126.9% 2013: 117.9% 2012: 110.1% 2011: 109.2% 2010: 100.0%	2010-17 Cycle growth has increased by 23.4% since 2010 base. 2022: 123.4% 2021: 122.8% 2020: 162.8% 2019: 120.3% 2018: 128.5% 2017: 119.5% 2016: 118.7% 2015: 114.9% 2014: 114.0% 2013: 100.2% 2012: 101.0% 2011: 105.1% 2010: 100.0%

Effective use of land

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of housing completions – on previously developed land Includes new build, change of use and conversion on previously developed land since 2011. Figures are gross. Percentage is shown as percentage of dwellings on previously developed land. Source:- Local authorities	2011 to 2023: 2,333 (90%) 2022/23: 352 (85%) 2021/22: 335 (89%) 2020/21: 256 (80%)2019/20: 234 (76%) 2018/19: 190 (66%) 2017/18: 297 (90%) 2016/17: 159 (55%) 2015/16: 72 (66%) 2014/15: 123 (90%) 2013/14: 133 (81%) 2012/13: 80 (67%) 2011/12: 103 (67%)	2011/23:17,225 (96.3%) 2022/23: 2,942 (99.7% 2021/22: 2,657 (98.6%) 2020/21: 1,378 (97.7%), 2019/20:1,775 (97.7%) 2018/19:1,396 (86.1%) 2017/18: 1,348 (95.4%) 2016/17: 1,515 (93.7%) 2015/16: 879 (92.1%) 2014/15: 1,024 (99.8%) 2013/14: 801 (97.6%) 2012/13: 820 (95.5%) 2011/12: 690 (95.4%)	2011 to 2023: 2,312 (33%) 2022/23: 158 (14%) 2021/22: 193 (19%) 2020/21: 200 (30%) 2019/20: 130 (26%) 2018/17: 217 (27%) 2017/18: 251 (41%) 2016/17: 290 (52%) 2015/16: 205 (42%) 2014/15: 236 (62%) 2013/14: 199 (36%) 2012/13: 96 (35%) 2011/12: 137 (43%)

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of sites on Brownfield Land Register Number of sites on the councils' Brownfield Land Register. Part 1 of the Register includes sites that the Council considers suitable for residential development. Inclusion in Part 2 of the Register means that sites will automatically be granted 'permission in principle'. An end date means a site is no longer valid or active (e.g. fully built). <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities	18 brownfield sites 0 of these are no longer considered brownfield land Not including sites with an end date, there are 159.38 hectares of brownfield land 0 sites have permission in principle Information is also available on the Digital Land website[9]	227 brownfield sites 36 of these are no longer considered brownfield land Not including sites with an end date, there are 182.38 hectares of brownfield land 0 sites have permission in principle Information is also available on the Digital Land website[10]	12 brownfield sites 0 of these are no longer considered brownfield land Not including sites with an end date, there are 6.5 hectares of brownfield land 7 sites have permission in principle Information is also available on the Digital Land website[11]

Green Belt

[9] https://digital-land.github.io/resource/42fffc159db734c50a6cc34d5b473cfce18e40e2d8a19b954a07b256c174b118
[10] https://digital-land.github.io/resource/7e41b7383b9eeb6ba0c93fb5b21931a0ff0f33663adc59214846dc4850347224
[11] https://digital-land.github.io/resource/8472e39b8d37be6d9e6e809af24c5ebdb111d2110a53775664bb48f601f3a8be

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Area of Green Belt Area of Green Belt in ha. Source:- Local authorities	5,130 ha	736.6 ha	16,566 ha
Percentage of administrative area designated as Green Belt Percentage of area designated as Green Belt. Figures based on data from “Size of administrative area (ha)” and “Area of Green Belt”. Source:- Local authorities	64%	9.9%	40.5%

Climate change and flooding

	Broxtowe	**Nottingham**	**Rushcliffe**
Air Quality Management Area Number and location of Air Quality Management Area (AQMA). Air Quality Management Areas are designated when levels of pollutants in local area are above the UK limits. Source:- Local authorities	0 AQMA: 1 AQMA has now been removed: (Twenty properties on parts of Iona Drive and Tiree Close next to the M1 motorway in Trowell)	1 AQMA: Whole of Nottingham City	1 AQMA: Lady Bay Bridge/Radcliffe Road junction, the Trent Bridge/ Loughborough Road/Radcliffe Road junction and the Wilford Lane/ Loughborough Road/Melton Road junction in West Bridgford

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Carbon dioxide emissions estimates End-user carbon dioxide emissions (kt CO_2). Estimates of carbon dioxide emissions have been produced from the following broad source categories: industry, commercial & public sector, domestic, transport and land use, land use change and forestry. Excludes large industrial sites, railways, motorways and land-use. Source:- www.gov.uk website[12]	2022: 7.5 2021: 8.0 2020: 7.2 2019: 8.2 2018: 8.2 2017: 8.4 2016: 8.6 2015: 8.8 2014: 8.9 2013: 9.0 2012: 9.2 2011: 9.0	2022: 15.0 2021: 15.7 2020: 14.2 2019: 15.6 2018: 16.1 2017: 16.3 2016: 17.2 2015: 18.2 2014: 18.6 2013: 21.9 2012: 22.8 2011: 22.1	2022: 1.7 2021: 1.6 2020: 1.4 2019: 1.6 2018: 1.6 2017: 5.7 2016: 5.5 2015: 6.1 2014: 6.1 2013: 6.7 2012: 6.6 2011: 6.5
Average energy per meter – by type Average electricity and gas use (mean consumption) per meter in kilowatt hours (kWh). Source:- www.gov.uk website[13]	2021 Domestic users Electricity: 3,316 Gas: 13,359 Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users Electricity: 43,349 Gas: 1,230,206 2017 Domestic users Electricity: 3,491	2021 Domestic users Electricity: 3.235 Gas: 12,642 Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users Electricity: 58,165 Gas: 592,088 2017 Domestic users Electricity: 3,417	2021 Domestic users Electricity: 3,775 Gas: 14,823 Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users Electricity: 60,379 Gas: 1,376,132 2017 Domestic users Electricity: 3,943

[12] https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/uk-local-authority-and-regional-carbon-dioxide-emissions-national-statistics

[13] Electricity data is available from https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/regional-and-local-authority-electricity-consumption-statistics and gas data is available from https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/gas-sales-and-numbers-of-customers-by-region-and-local-authority

	Broxtowe	**Nottingham**	**Rushcliffe**
	Gas: 14,078 Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users Electricity: 49,385 Gas: 1,280,828 2011 Domestic users Electricity: 3,768 Gas: 14,825 Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users Electricity: 55,821 Gas: 563,249	Gas: 12,738 Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users Electricity: 64,420 Gas: 532,076 2011 Domestic users Electricity: 3,666 Gas: 13,245 Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users Electricity: 75,318 Gas: 697,090	Gas: 15,927 Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users Electricity: 63,930 Gas: 1,376.338 2011 Domestic users Electricity: 4,231 Gas: 16,651 Industrial and commercial (non-domestic) users Electricity: 70,955 Gas: 1,157,517
Energy consumption – by type Final energy consumption in gigawatt hours (GWh) by coal*, manufactured fuels**, petroleum**, gas, electricity and bioenergy & wastes. * Includes coal/petroleum (as appropriate) consumed in all the following sectors: heat generation, energy industry use, industry, public administration, commercial, agriculture, miscellaneous. Excludes petroleum used within the public administration and agriculture sectors.	2017 Coal: 5.0 Manufactured fuels:8.9 Petroleum: 1,178.4 Gas: 1,172.4 Electricity: 332.1 Bioenergy & wastes: 27.0 2016 Coal = 5.1 Manufactured fuels = 9.4	2017 Coal: 8.7 Manufactured fuels: 7.0 Petroleum: 1,388.8 Gas: 2,333.8 Electricity: 1,240.4 Bioenergy & wastes: 63.6 2016 Coal: 9.0 Manufactured fuels: 6.3	2017 Coal: 23.4 Manufactured fuels: 4.5 Petroleum: 1,068.3 Gas: 1,280.2 Electricity: 415.7 Bioenergy & wastes: 28.5 2016 Coal: 28.8 Manufactured fuels: 4.3

	Broxtowe	**Nottingham**	**Rushcliffe**
** Includes only manufactured solid fuels and not derived gases. <u>Source:-</u> www.gov.uk website[14]	Petroleum = 1,162.8 Gas = 1,142.1 Electricity = 333.2 Bioenergy and Wastes = 27.2 <u>2011</u> Coal = 7.4 Manufactured fuels = 10.3 Petroleum = 1,216.7 Gas = 915.4 Electricity = 349.9 Bioenergy and Wastes = 15.8	Petroleum: 1,380.9 Gas: 2,347.1 Electricity: 1,229.6 Bioenergy & wastes: 64.0 <u>2011</u> Coal: 11.8 Manufactured fuels: 5.8 Petroleum: 1,456.6 Gas: 2,685.4 Electricity: 1,316.6 Bioenergy & wastes: 59.2	Petroleum: 1,047.4 Gas: 1,021.7 Electricity: 408.9 Bioenergy & wastes: 29.7 <u>2011</u> Coal: 47.5 Manufactured fuels: 9.9 Petroleum: 938.8 Gas: 1,204.7 Electricity: 419.1 Bioenergy & wastes: 16.2

[14] https://www.gov.uk/government/statistical-data-sets/total-final-energy-consumption-at-regional-and-local-authority-level

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Residential and non-residential properties in Flood Zones 2 and 3 Number of fluvial and costal flood risk property counts within Flood Zones 2 and 3. Land within flood zone 2 is shown to have between a 1 in 100 and 1 in 1,000 annual probability of river flooding. Land within flood zone 3 is shown to have a 1 in 100 or greater annual probability of river flooding. <u>Source:-</u> Environment Agency	<u>Flood Zone 2:</u> 8,369 residential properties 781 non-residential properties Total 9,150 properties <u>Flood Zone 3:</u> 5,281 residential properties 448 non-residential properties Total 5,729 properties	<u>Flood Zone 2:</u> 16.524 residential properties 3,172 non-residential properties Total 19,696 properties <u>Flood Zone 3:</u> 8,269 residential properties 1,238 non-residential properties Total 9,507 properties	<u>Flood Zone 2:</u> 10,880 residential properties 1,374 non-residential properties Total 12,254 properties <u>Flood Zone 3:</u> 8,756 residential properties 1,136 non-residential properties Total 9,892 properties

Natural environment

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of open space managed to green flag award standard Number of winners awarded for Green Flag Award in 2023. The Green Flag Award is the benchmark national standard for publicly accessible parks and green spaces in the United Kingdom. Source:- Green Flag Award website www.greenflagaward.org.uk	2 sites • Bramcote Hills Park • Colliers Wood	15 sites ▪ Arboretum ▪ Bulwell Forest Recreation Ground ▪ Bulwell (Northern) Cemetery ▪ Colwick Country Park ▪ Forest Recreation Ground ▪ High Wood Cemetery ▪ Highfields Park ▪ Southern (Wilford Hill) Cemetery ▪ Vernon Park ▪ Victoria Embankment ▪ Victoria Park ▪ Wollaton Hall & Deer Park ▪ Woodthorpe Grange Park ▪ Lenton Recreation Ground ▪ Bulwell Bogs	2 sites - Rushcliffe Country Park - Sharphill Wood

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of open space managed to other award standard Number of winners awarded for Green Flag Community Award and Green Heritage Award in 2023. Source:- Local authorities	N/A	N/A	N/A

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number and area of Sites of Special Scientific Interest Number and area of Sites of Special Scientific Interest. Sites of Special Scientific Interest are designated by Natural England under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. <u>Source:-</u> Natural England website[15]	<u>5 Sites of Special Scientific Interest:-</u> • Attenborough Gravel Pits (226.57 ha) • Kimberley Railway Cutting (5.37 ha) • Robbinetts (6.31 ha) • Seller's Wood (13.86 ha) (site overlaps with Nottingham City) • Sledder Wood Meadows (7.92 ha)	<u>3 Sites of Special Scientific Interest:-</u> • Colwick Cutting (2.07 ha) • Holme Pit (4.12 ha) • Seller's Wood (13.86 ha) (site overlaps with Broxtowe)	<u>8 Sites of Special Scientific Interest:-</u> • Barnstone Railway cutting (1.51 ha) • Gotham Hill Pastures (8.46 ha) • Kinoulton Marsh and Canal (2.72 ha) • Normanton Pastures (16.34 ha) • Orston Plaster Pits (4.65 ha) • Rushcliffe Golf Course (19.48 ha) • Wilford Claypits (2.17 ha) • Willwell Cutting (LNR) (7.34 ha)

[15] https://designatedsites.naturalengland.org.uk

List of Sites of Special Scientific Interest

Name	Location	Reason for Designation
Attenborough Gravel Pits	Broxtowe	Attenborough Gravel Pits SSSI is a nationally important site for its lowland eutrophic open waters with emergent vegetation, wet floodplain woodland, unimproved floodplain grassland, a rich assemblage of breeding birds associated with lowland open waters and their margins, and wintering shoveler *Anas clypeata* and bittern *Botaurus stellaris*.
Kimberley Railway Cutting	Broxtowe	A key palaeobotanical locality yielding a distinctive Permian flora. Dominated by its common conifer remains this flora is also remarkable for the rare specimens of the pteridosperm *Lepidopteris martinsii*. A nationally important locality for its Permian gymnosperm floras, particularly representative of the predominantly Mesozoic Peltaspermaceae.
Robbinetts, Cossall	Broxtowe	This site contains one of the best examples of acidic grassland in the county. Its mosaic of grassland types, varying in wetness and acidity is typical of the West Nottinghamshire Coal Measures which now support few remaining areas of unimproved grassland.
Seller's Wood	Broxtowe	The site is a fine example of broad-leaved semi-natural woodland and is of Regional importance.
Sledder Wood Meadows	Broxtowe	The site comprises a fine series of species-rich neutral grasslands and is of Regional importance.
Colwick Cutting	Nottingham	This site is the type section of the Triassic Colwick Formation, a major rock unit comprising mudstones, siltstones and thin sandstone arranged in coarsening-upwards units. A variety of sedimentary structures including ripple marks, wavy bedding, halite pseudomorphs and abundant desiccation cracks are seen. The facies probably represents marine intertidal conditions, an environmental interpretation consistent with the discovery of the brachiopod *Lingula* elsewhere in the formation. The age of the formation is probably Anisian-Ladinian and it can be correlated with other 'Waterstones' facies in the English Midlands.
Holme Pit	Nottingham	The site contains some of the best remaining areas of marsh, reedswamp and open water in Nottinghamshire and is of Regional importance.
Seller’s Wood	Nottingham	The site is a fine example of broad-leaved semi-natural woodland and is of Regional importance.
Barnstone Railway Cutting	Rushcliffe	This site, a narrow, steep-sided disused railway cutting in the Lower Lias of south-east Nottinghamshire, supports the largest known population remaining in Britain of a nationally scarce moth. This species, considered vulnerable to extinction, is presently known only from four other sites

		in the country, hence the conservation and appropriate management of the cutting provides the best opportunity of retaining the moth in Britain. The site also supports a significant assemblage of notable and local insects, particularly beetles, moths and flies, which are characteristic of limestone grassland and wetlands of eastern England. The cutting is a mosaic of long grassland and scrub. The former is dominated by upright brome *Bromus erectus* and false oat grass *Arrhenatherum elatius*, amongst which occur abundant black knapweed *Centaurea nigra*, wild carrot *Daucus carota*, quaking grass *Briza media*, field bindweed *Convolvulus arvensis*, hoary ragwort *Senecio erucifolius*, and rough hawkbit *Leontodon hispidus*. Hawthorn *Crataegus monogyna* and ash *Fraxinus excelsior* are the commonest scrub species. Pools and a flowing ditch at the south-eastern end of the site comprise the wetland habitats in contrast to the dry grassy slopes. Reedmace *Typha latifolia* occurs in a tall fen vegetation with false fox sedge *Carex otrubae*, great willowherb *Epilobium hirsutum*, tufted hair grass *Deschampsia cespitosa* and hard and jointed rushes *Juncus inflexus* and *J. articulatus*.
Gotham Hill Pasture	Rushcliffe	The site comprises one of the best mixed pastures and associated grassland in Nottinghamshire, and is representative of species-rich grassland developed on calcareous and neutral clays in Central and Eastern England.
Kinoulton Marsh and Canal	Rushcliffe	http://magic.defra.gov.uk/MagicMap.aspx?startTopic=Designations&activelayer=sssiIndex&query=HYPERLINK='1000873' The site includes some of the richest marsh and open water habitats remaining in Nottinghamshire and is representative of wetland plant communities on relatively base-rich soils in Central and Eastern England.
Normanton Pastures	Rushcliffe	The site comprises one of the best remaining examples of neutral pasture in Nottinghamshire, and is representative of species-rich grasslands developed on clay-loam soils in Central and Eastern England.
Orston Plaster Pits	Rushcliffe	The site comprises one of the best mixed-habitat sites in Nottinghamshire and contains examples of neutral and calcareous grassland and eutrophic open water communities which are representative of these habitats in central and eastern England.
Rushcliffe Golf Course	Rushcliffe	The site contains some of the best examples of calcareous and neutral grassland remaining in Nottinghamshire and is representative of species rich grassland on calcareous loam soils in Central and Eastern England.
Wilford Claypits	Rushcliffe	The site contains one of the best remaining areas of marsh in Nottinghamshire and is representative of marsh communities on somewhat base-rich soils in Central and Southern England.

Wilwell Cutting	Rushcliffe	The site contains some of the best examples of neutral grassland and marsh remaining in Nottinghamshire and is representative of these habitats in Central and Eastern England.

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number and area of National Nature Reserves Number and area of National Nature Reserves. National Nature Reserves were established to protect some of most important habitats, species and geology, and to provide 'outdoor laboratories' for research. For clarification, Sherwood Forest National Nature Reserve falls outside the HMA and Attenborough Nature Reserve in Broxtowe is not a National Nature Reserve. Source:- www.gov.uk website[16]	None	None	None

[16] https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/national-nature-reserves-in-england#east-midlands-nnrs

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number and area of Local Nature Reserves Number and area of Local Nature Reserves. Local Nature Reserves are non-statutory habitat of local significance designed by a local authority where protection and public understanding of nature conservation is encouraged under the powers of the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949. <u>Source:-</u> Local authorities	<u>15 Local Nature Reserves:-</u> • Alexandrina Plantation • Bramcote Hills Park Woodland • Brinsley Headstocks • Colliers Wood • Hall Om Wong • Hall Park • King George's Park • Nottingham Canal • Pit Lane Recreation Ground • Sandy Lane Public Open Space • Smithurst Meadows • Stapleford Hill • Toton Fields • Watnall Green • Watnall Spinney (total 121.2 ha)	<u>14 Local Nature Reserves:-</u> • Beeston Sidings • Brecks Plantation • Bulwell Hall Park Meadows • Clifton Grove, Clifton Woods & Holme Pit Pond • Colwick Woods • Glapton Wood • Harrison Plantation • Hucknall Road Linear Walkway • Martins Pond • Sandy Banks • Sellers Wood • Springfield Corner/ Moorbridge Pond • Sunrise Hill • Wollaton Park (total 302.97 ha)	<u>8 Local Nature Reserves:-</u> • Bingham Linear Walk • Keyworth Meadows • Meadow Covert • Rushcliffe Country Park • Sharphill Wood • Sutton Bonington Spinney and Meadow • The Hook • Wilwell Farm Cutting (total 87 ha)

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number and area of Local Wildlife Sites and Local Geological Sites Number and total area of Local Wildlife Sites and Local Geological Sites. Local Wildlife Sites are a non-statutory designation used to identify high-quality wildlife sites. They include semi-natural habits such as ancient woodland and flower-rich grassland. Formerly known as Sites of Importance for Nature Conservation (SINCs). Local Geological Sites are a non-statutory designation that is of local importance for its geological interest. Sites showing special geological features and/or representing the variation in the rock types. Formerly known as Regional important Geological Sites (RIGSs). <u>Source:-</u> Nottinghamshire Biological & Geological Records Centre and Derbyshire Wildlife Trust	140 Local Wildlife Sites Total 973.8 ha 9 Local Geological Sites Total 3.89 ha (2023)	54 Local Wildlife Sites Total 697 ha 24 Local Geological Sites Total 8.96 ha (2023)	219 Local Wildlife Sites Total 1,908 ha 4 Local Geological Sites Total 3.12 ha (2023)

Woodland area Type and area of woodland by hectares. Information taken from the Forestry Commission National Forest Inventory (dated March 2020). <u>Source:-</u> Forestry Commission	Total 603.4 ha • Broadleaved: 500 ha • Conifer: 55.9 ha • Mixed predominantly Broadleaved: 8.6 ha • Mixed predominantly Confier: 11.1 ha • Coppice: 4.4 ha • Coppice with Standards: 0 ha • Young Trees: 11.1 ha • Low Density: 0 ha • Assumed Woodland: 3.9 ha • Ground Prepared for new planting: 0.6 ha • Shrub: 0 ha • Felled: 7.8 ha • Failed: 0 ha • Windblow: 0 ha • Uncertain: 0 ha	Total 410.8 ha • Broadleaved: 386 ha • Conifer: 3.2 ha • Mixed predominantly Broadleaved: 3 ha • Mixed predominantly Confider: 2.2 ha • Coppice: 0 ha • Coppice with Standards: 0 ha • Young Trees: 9.8 ha • Low Density: 0 ha • Assumed Woodland: 0.4 ha • Ground Prepared for new planting: 0 ha • Shrub: 0 ha • Felled:3.9 ha • Failed: 0 ha • Windblow: 0 ha • Uncertain: 0 ha • Open Water: 0.6 ha	Total 2,024.04 ha • Broadleaved: 1,375.58 ha • Conifer: 158.03 ha • Mixed predominantly Broadleaved: 55.78 ha • Mixed predominantly Confider: 71.44 ha • Coppice: 0 ha • Coppice with Standards: 0 ha • Young Trees: 138.34 ha • Low Density: 0.55 ha • Assumed Woodland: 151.83 ha • Ground Prepared for new planting: 20.43 ha • Shrub: 14.13 ha • Felled: 28.61 ha • Failed: 0 ha • Windblow: 0 ha

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
		• Grassland: 1.7 ha	• Uncertain: 0 ha • Grassland: 8.14 ha • Urban: 0.57 ha
Ancient woodland area Type and area of ancient woodland by hectares. <u>Source:-</u> Forestry Commission 2023	Total 175.9 ha Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland: 125.8 ha Ancient Replanted Woodland: 50.1 ha	Total 49.3 ha Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland: 43.2 ha Ancient Replanted Woodland: 6.1 ha	Total 84.98 ha Ancient & Semi-Natural Woodland: 85.0 ha Ancient Replanted Woodland: 3.2 ha

Historic environment

	Broxtowe	**Nottingham**	**Rushcliffe**
Number and area of Conservation Areas Number and name of Conservation Areas. Total area of Conservation Areas is provided. Source:- Local authorities	16 Conservation Areas:- • Attenborough • Chilwell • Bramcote • Chilwell Cottage Grove • Brinsley • Eastwood • Church Street Stapleford • Nottingham Road Stapleford • Kimberley • Barratt Lane Attenborough • Nuthall • Cossall • Strelley • Beeston West End • St Johns Grove Beeston • Sandiacre Total area: 276.7 ha	32 Conservation Areas:- • Alfreton Road/Gamble Street • Arboretum • Basford Hall • Bulwell • Canning Circus • Castle • Clifton Village • Elm Avenue and Corporation Oaks • Forest Grove • Hine Hall • Lace Market • Mapperley Hospital • Mapperley Park and Alexandra Park • Middleton Boulevard • New Lenton • Nottingham Canal • Old Lenton	31 Conservation Areas:- • Aslockton • Bingham • Bradmore • Bunny • Car Colston • Colston Bassett • Costock • Cropwell Bishop • Cropwell Butler • East Bridgford • East Leake • Edwalton • Flintham • Granby • Hawksworth • Hickling • Keyworth • Kneeton • Langar • Normanton on the Wolds • Orston • Ruddington • Scarrington • Sutton Bonington • Thoroton

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
		• Old Market Square • Old Sneinton • Sherwood Rise • Sneinton Market • Star Buildings • Station • Strelley • The Cedars • The Park • Waterloo Promenade • Wellington Circus • Wilford House • Wilford Village • Wollaton Park • Wollaton Village Total area: 888 ha	• Thrumpton • Upper Broughton • Upper Saxondale • West Leake • Whatton in the Vale • Wysall Total area: 1,078 ha

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of Listed Buildings Number of Listed Buildings by Grade I, Grade II* and Grade II in 2023. Source:- Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage[17]	Total 156 5 Grade I 11 Grade II* 140 Grade II See Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage for listing	Total 806 11 Grade I 39 Grade II* 756 Grade II See Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage for listing	Total 682 35 Grade I 22 Grade II* 625 Grade II See Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage for listing
Number of Scheduled Monuments Number of Scheduled Monuments in 2023. Source:- Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage[18]	6 Scheduled Monuments:- • Anglian high Cross in the churchyard of St Helen's Church • Beauvale Carthusian Priory • Coal mining remains at Broad Oak Farm • Fishponds 90m south east St Mary's Church • Greasley Castle • Moat and fishpond at Strelley, 240m	10 Scheduled Monuments:- • Cellar under No 8, Castle Gate • Rock cut houses N of Castle Boulevard • Rock cut houses S of Nottingham Castle • Caves at Drury Hill • Medieval city wall • Nottingham Castle • St John Baptist's Church and	27 Scheduled Monuments:- • Bingham medieval settlement, immediately west of Carnarvon School • Civil War gun battery 50m south west of St Peters and St Paul's Church • Civil War gun battery and covered way immediately

[17] https://www.historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-list
[18] https://www.historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-list

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
	SE of All Saints' Church	graveyard, Colwick • Dovecote 600m east of Home Farm • Lenton Priory • Caves under Nos 3-7 Middle Pavement	south east of Wiverton Hall • Cranmer's Mound: motte castle, prospect mound, moated fishponds, enclosure, hollow way and ridge and furrow • Dovecote 240m east of Home Farm • Dovecote at Manor Farm • Henge 850m south east of Foss Road Farm • Margidunum Roman Station • Medieval market cross and 19th century commemorative cross • Medieval village including monastic college, chapel, moat, fishponds, dovecote and

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
			open field system 200m south of Manor Farm • Minor Romano-British villa, moat and associated medieval manorial and village earthworks, including six fishponds • Moat, fishpond, enclosures, hollow way and postmill mound 600m north-west of Barland Fields • Moat, two fishponds, boundary bank and ditch and two leats • Moated site and fishponds 225m north of Wiverton Hall • Motte and bailey castle adjacent to River Trent

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
			• Newbold medieval settlement and part of the open field system, 330m north east of Manor Farm • Old Trent Bridge • Roman site on Red Hill • Romano-British nucleated enclosed settlement and Roman villa complex at Glebe Farm • Saxon cemetery SW of Broughton Lodge • St Mary's Church • St Wilfrid's Church and churchyard • Standing cross on Upper Broughton village green • Succession of rectilinear

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
			enclosures SW of Shelford Manor • Thorpe in the Glebe medieval settlement, including church site and open field system • Two moats and five fishponds at Top Green • Anglo-Saxon cremation cemetery 750m west of Rempstone Hall

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number and area of Parks and Garden Number and area of Parks and Garden in 2023. <u>Source:-</u> Historic England's National Heritage List for England webpage[19]	None Total area: 0 ha	<u>10 Parks and Gardens:-</u> • Bagthorpe Gardens • Church Cemetery (AKA Rock Cemetery) • Clifton Grove • General Cemetery • Gorseyclose Gardens • Highfields Park • Nottingham Arboretum • Victoria Embankment Memorial Gardens • Wollaton Park • Jewish Burial Ground, North Sherwood Street Total area: 315 ha The Castle is not included as it is not officially a designated park.	<u>4 Parks and Gardens:-</u> • Flintham Hall • Holme Pierrepont Hall • Kingston Hall • Stanford Hall Total area: 256.3 ha

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of heritage assets – at risk Number of heritage assets at risk in 2023. Source:- Historic England's Heritage at Risk webpage[20]	7 heritage assets at risk:- 3 Listed Buildings:- • The Summer House, at The Yews, Kimberley Road • Bennerley Viaduct • Willoughby Almshouses and adjoining Boundary Wall, Church Lane, Cossall 3 Conservation Areas:- • Eastwood • Kimberley • Nuthall 1 Scheduled Monument:- • Greasley Castle	22 heritage assets at risk:- 7 Listed Buildings:- 1 Conservation Areas:- • 1 Scheduled Monument:-	6 heritage assets at risk:- 1 Listed Building:- • Flintham Hall Conservatory 3 Places of worship • Church of St Giles Cropwell Bishop • Church of St Andrew Langar • Church of St Helen Thoroton 2 Scheduled Monuments:- • Margidunum Roman Station nr East Bridgford • Rectilinear enclosures Shelford
Number of accredited museums	1 accredited museum:-	8 accredited museums:-	1 accredited museum:-

[19] https://www.historicengland.org.uk/listing/the-list
[20] https://historicengland.org.uk/advice/heritage-at-risk

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of accredited museums in 2023. Non-accredited museums are not included such as Nottingham Transport Heritage Centre/Great Central Railway, Ruddington Framework Knitters Museum and Ruddington Village Museum in Rushcliffe. Source:- Local authorities https://www.artscouncil.org.uk/accreditation-scheme/about-accreditation#section-4	• DH Lawrence	• Nottingham Castle • Museum of Nottingham Life • Wollaton Hall Natural History Museum • Nottingham Industrial Museum, Wollaton Park • Greens Windmill, Sneinton • Galleries of Justice • Museum of the Mercian Regiment (hosted within Castle) • Museum of Archaeology, University of Nottingham	• Flintham Museum

Sustainable use of materials

Mineral Safeguarded Areas – Economic Resource Defined by area (hectares). * Safeguarded areas around existing sand quarries. ** Single Hard Rock Limestone Quarry at Linby. Source:- Nottinghamshire County Council. Data is based on the British Geological Survey 2003. Digital Geological Map of Great Britain 1:625 000 [DiGiMap-625] Superficial Deposits [CD-Rom] Version 1.0 Keyworth, Nottingham : British Geological Survey. Release date 30-04-2003.		**Broxtowe**	**Nottingham**	**Rushcliffe**
	Surface Coal	3,891 ha	446 ha	0 ha
	Sand and Gravel	1,122 ha	1,368 ha	3,627 ha
	Sherwood Sandstone	0 ha	0 ha	363 ha *
	Brick Clay	0 ha	0 ha	0 ha
	Limestone	0 ha	0 ha	0 ha
	Gypsum	0 ha	0 ha	11,041 ha

Traveller sites

	Broxtowe	Nottingham	Rushcliffe
Number of gypsy and traveller pitches and travelling showpeople plots Number of pitches and plots. Annex 1: Glossary of the Planning Policy for Travellers Sites (2015) provides the following definitions: "pitch" means as a pitch on a "gypsy and traveller" site and "plot" means a pitch on a "travelling showpeople" site (often called a "yard"). This terminology differentiates between residential pitches for "gypsies and travellers" and mixed-use plots for "travelling showpeople", which may / will need to incorporate space or to be split to allow for the storage of equipment. Source:- Local authorities	2011 to 2023 0	2011 to 2023 0 There were no transit pitches and 60 permanent pitches (including 20 travelling show people) are known to exist in the council area (2018)	2011 to 2023 14 2022/23: 0 2021/22: 0 2020/21: 0 2019/20: 0 2018/19: 6 2017/18: 0 2016/17: 3 2015/16: 0 2014/15: 0 2013/14: 0 2012/13: 4 2011/12: 1 Notes Rushcliffe only monitor number of caravans